

:: PREPOSITION ::

Jis word se hum kisi bhi person, place ya thing ki position batate hai, use preposition kahte hai.

Examples: Rahul is in the class. (Rahul ki position class mein hai.)

Book is on a table. (Book ki position table par hai.)

Use of "IN": Jab koi object puri tarah se ander ho.

Sentence Frame: Subject + Helping Verb (HV) + in + Object



1. They are in my house.
(Vo mere ghar mein hain.)



3. Plumbers are in my bathroom.
(Plumbers mere bathroom me hain.)



2. Money is in his hand.
(Rupay uske hath mein hai.)



4. He was in the garden.
(Wah bagiche mein tha.)

- We're in a bank.
- They're in a school.
- She is in Mumbai.
- Pal was in a traffic jam.
- I shall arrest in 2023.
- Girls win in February.

Use of "AT": Jab koi object ander nahi ho, aas paas ho.

Sentence Frame: Subject + HV + at + Object



1. I am at your location.
(Main tumhari jagah par hoon.)



3. This bottle is available at the store.
(Yah bottle store mein maujood hai.)



2. Sherril is at a super market.
(Sherril bazar mein hai.)



4. They were at a showroom.
(Ve showroom mein the.)

- They're at a graveyard.
- She washes at Diwali.
- He calls me at night.
- I'm at Shanti Nagar.
- Ram works at a bank.
- You came at 9 o'clock.

Use of "ON": Jab koi object kisi surface (satah) ko chhu raha ho.

Sentence Frame: Subject + HV + on + Object



1. Your dog is on my bed.
(Tumhara kutta mere bed par hai.)



3. His dinner is on the dining table.
(Uska raat ka bhojan mez par hai.)



2. Her baby is on the floor.
(Uska bachcha farsh par hai.)



4. The lamp was on the table.
(Lamp mez par tha.)

- Her purse is on the sofa.
- A mark is on my shirt.
- They dance on 2nd May.
- My bike was on the road.
- I'm on the 1st floor.
- She buys on Monday.

Use of "WITH": Jab koi subject kisi object ke sath ho.

Sentence Frame: Subject + HV + with + Object



1. I am with my original ID.
(Main apne original ID ke sath hoon.)



3. Soldiers are with guns.
(Sainik apne gun ke sath hain.)



2. Peter is with his wife.
(Peter apni patni ke sath hai.)



4. We were with a police man.
(Hum police karmi ke sath the.)

- He is with a box.
- She is with her uncle.
- A bitch is with puppies.
- They are with me.
- Anjali is with a stick.
- A hen was with pullets.

Use of "FOR": Koi person, place or thing kisi ke liye ho ya phir mulya (price) batana ho.

Sentence Frame: Subject + HV + for + Object



1. Apples are for my mother.
(Seb meri maa ke liye hain.)



2. These professionals are for jobs.
(Ye peshewar naukari ke liye hai.)



3. My watch is for Rs. 25,000.
(Meri ghadi 25,000 rupay ki hai.)



4. It was for Rs. 1000.
(Yah 1000 rupaye ka tha.)

- It's for you dear.
- I'm here for you only.
- She is crazy for it.
- My pen was for Rs. 10.
- We're there for Edustep.
- Their flat is for me.

Use of "FROM": Isse aapko subject ki shrot (resource) ka pata lagta hai.

Sentence Frame: Subject + HV + from + Object



1. We are from Edustep company.
(Hum Edustep company se hain.)



3. This light is from a LED bulb.
(Yah light LED bulb se hai.)



2. He is from Mumbai.
(Wah Mumbai se hai.)



4. Are you not from safety dept.?
(Kya tum suraksha vibhag se nahin ho?)

- The song is from 'I' movie.
- She is from Goa.
- It's from my shop.
- That line was from a book.
- I'm from a city.
- He is from her school.

Use of "OF": Isse subject ka object se relation pata lagta hai.

Sentence Frame: Subject + HV + noun + of + Object



1. I am a student of EASE.
(Main Ease ka vidhyarthi hoon.)



3. Delhi is the capital of India.
(Delhi India ki Rajdhani hai.)



2. We are friends of her.
(Hum uske dost hain.)



4. His car is not of a good brand.
(Uski car ek achchhe brand ki nahin hai.)

- The kit is of Mr. Ravi.
- A parcel is of Hasan.
- They're maids of her.
- That cash was of you.
- This burger is of KFC.
- The sound is of a sheep.

Use of "OVER": Jab koi vastu kisi object ke upar ho par uski satah use chhuti na ho.

Sentence Frame: Subject + HV + over + Object



1. A fan is over them.
(Pankha unke upar hai.)



3. Planes are over us.
(Jahaz humare upar hai.)



2. The ceiling lamp is over you.
(Ceiling lamp tumhare upar hai.)



4. Birds are over me.
(Pakshi mere upar hain.)

- It's over the entry.
- A camera is over me.
- That wire is over the road.
- A light is over the door.
- The kite is over us.
- A sheet was over my team.